

- 2. A Aereous Server contacts the Authentication System to exchange information about the end user

 5. 6 Aereous Server contacts the Aereous Policy System and executes the access policy to determin if the user has the priviliages to access the file. If the answer is yes, then the usage policy is sent to the Aereous Server, if no then the file is not sent to the end user

 7 Aereous Server requests the file from the network storage device

 8 Network storage device delivers the file to the Aereous Server

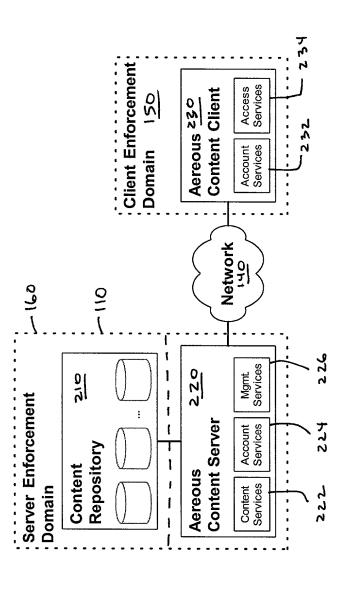
 9 Aereous Server applies usage rights to, and encrypts, the file

 10 The file is seturally delivered to the End User System

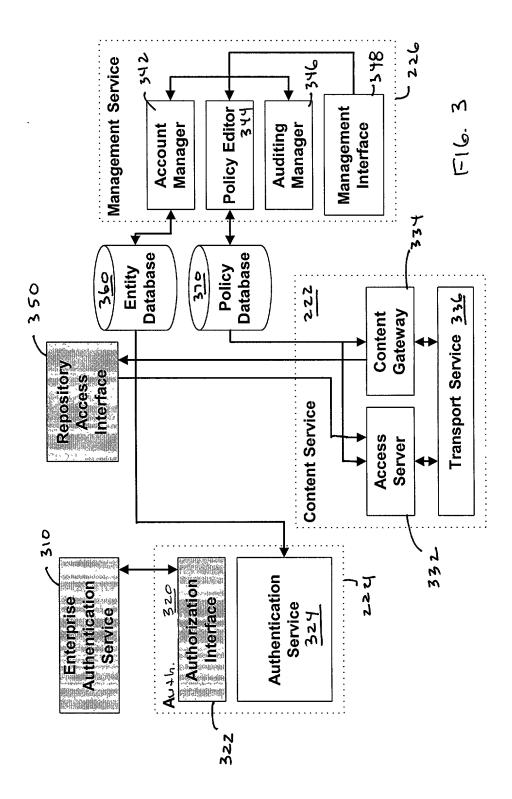
 11 Usage rights and auditing is enforced on the End User System by the Aereous Client

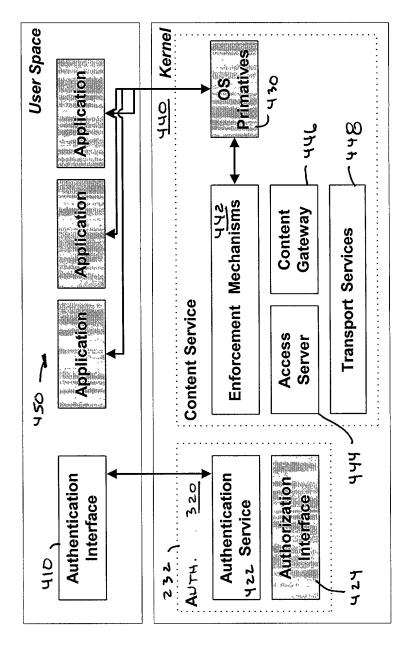
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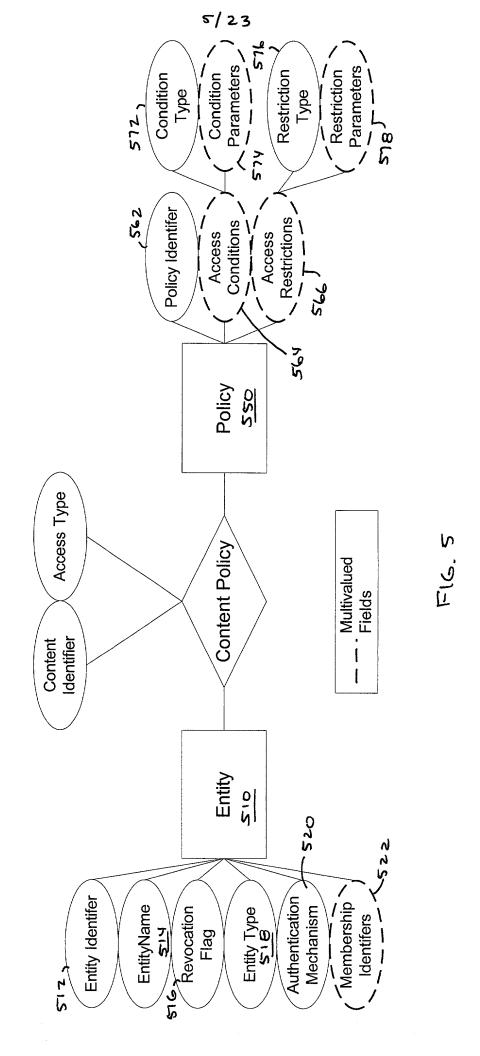


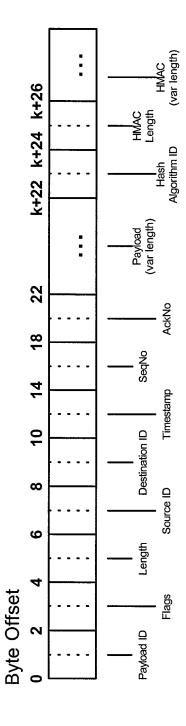
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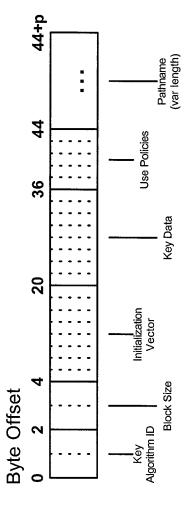
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Field	Length	Description					
Payload ID	2 bytes	Enumerated type describing the payload type of the message: Further processing of the message is directed by this field. The currently payload identifiers include					
		Type Value Description					
		AERE_INVALID 0 Invalid type					
		AERE_FILE_KEY I File key payload					
		AERE_BLK_XFER 2 Block transfer					
		AERE_STATUS 3 Aereous status					
Flags	2 bytes	Flags indicating payload processing requirements. The currently defined flags include;					
		Flag Bit Description					
		Encrypted 0 Payload encrypted					
		Signed I Payload signed (not implemented)					
		Reserved 2-15 unused					
Length	2 bytes	Length of message, in bytes. This length measures the field through the the last					
		byte of the payload.					
Source ID ³	2 bytes	Source identifier - uses user or server entity identifier defined in the entity					
		database.					
Destination ID	2 bytes	Recipient identifier - uses user or server entity identifier defined in the entity database.					
Timestamp	4 bytes	Timestamp (obtained from local or trusted timing source) of message creation.					
		Used to ensure freshness (e.g., mitigate replay attacks). The time is represented					
SeqNo	2 bytes	by the standard POSIX 32 bit second identifier (seconds since epoch).					
AckNo	2 bytes	Sequence number used to ensure the ordering of messages.					
Payload	variable	Acknowledgement of all messages up to including Ackno.					
rayrout	variance	This is the variable length data to be interpreted by payload processing. The for-					
		mat of the payload is detailed in Section 7.3. Based on message flags, this data require additional proces (e.g., encryption, sign).					
Hash Algo. Identifier	2 bytes						
	Luyius	Enumerate type defining the hash algorithm used in the calculation of the keyed hash. The following hash algorithms are supported by the Aereous system:					
		magn. The tonowing mast argumning are supported by the Aereous system;					
		Algorithm Value					
		AERE_MD5 0					
		AERE_SHAI 1					
HMAC Length	2 bytes	The length of the HMAC value. Note that some crypgraphic algorithms output					
		more ciphertext than the orginal plaintext. (Question; Is this really needed, or can					
		we always calculate this from the key/hash algorithm info?)					
HMAC	variable	This is the keyed hash of the message. This value is calculated over all byes prior					
		to the begining of the hash length field.					



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Name	Length	Description				
KeyAlgorithmID	lő bits	(enumerated) identifies both the algorithm and the key length				
BlockSize	16 bits	block size for the accessed file				
IV	256 bits	Intialization vector used to seed the encryption of file blocks. Further details are				
		defined in Section 7.1.				
KeyData	256 bits	The key used to encrypt the file. Where the key size is less than 256 bits, the most				
		significant bits are used and unused bits are padded with zero.				
UsePolicies	64 bots	Flags indicating the enabled usage of accessed content (where a bit 1=allowed,				
		0=denied). The supported bits include;				
		Flag Bit Description				
		Print 0 Print the file				
		Copy 1 Copy file to local disk				
		Send 2 Transmit the file to external device				
Reserved 3-63 unused						
		NOTE: The set of usage types are identified in the Aereous Client Design Document, and will be reflected in future version this document as needed.				
Pathname	(variable)	full pathname of file being accessed				

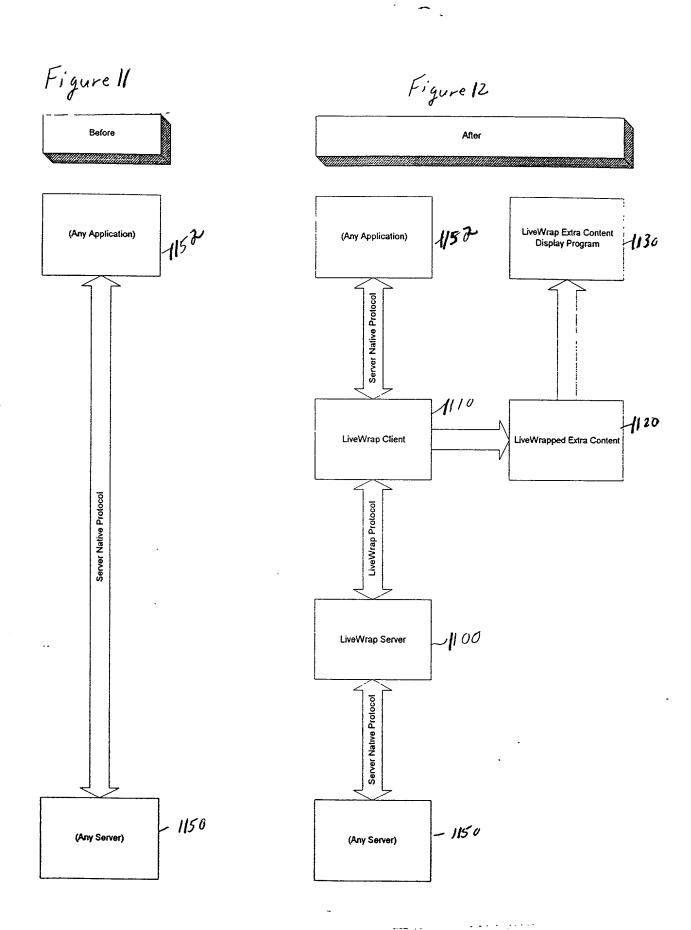
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Name	Length	Description
Cid	16 bits	hashed pathname identifier (see Section 6)
BlockNumber	16 bits	block number of transmitted data
Length	16 bits	length of data. Typically equal to the block size supported by the filesysem.
Data	(variable)	the file data

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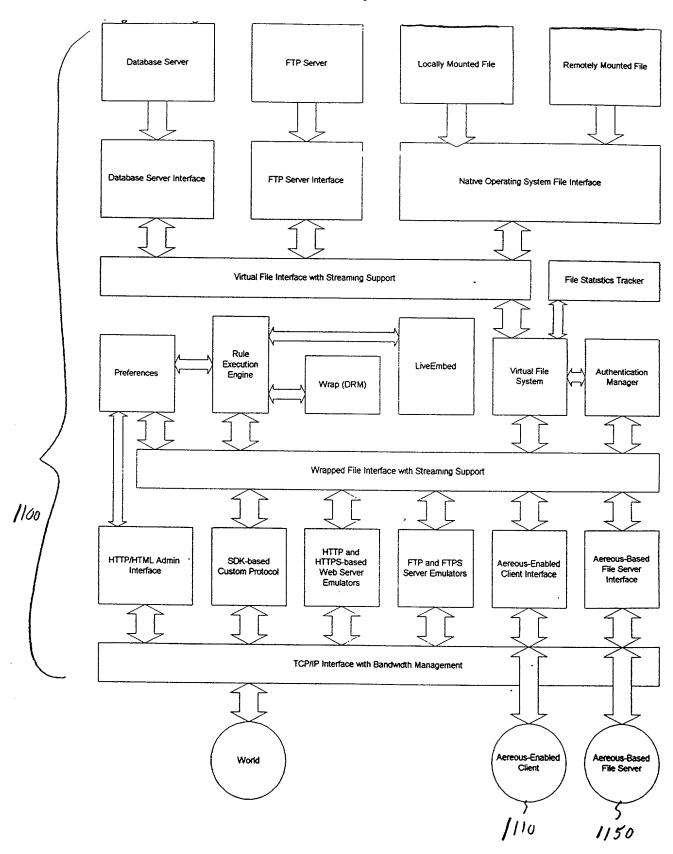
Name	Length	Description				
Sid	16 bits	(enumerated) Type identifying the message semantics. Details of the status a further specified in the info and text fields.				
		Епит	Numeric	Origin		
		usageExec	0	client		
		aereousError	l m	both		
		dfsError	2	both	Filesystem error	
		infoStatus	3	both		
		clientShutdown		client		
		serverShutdown				
		unused	6-2==	N/A	unused	
InfoLength	16 bits	length of info field.				
Info	(variable)	Additional status information. The interpretation of this field is directed Sid field as follows:				
		usay aere dfsl info clie serv	Enum usageExec aereousError dfsError infoStatus clientShutdown serverShutdown unused			
TextLength	16 bits	length of Text field.				
Text	(variable)	C-string description of information, Used in auditing or as user notification,				

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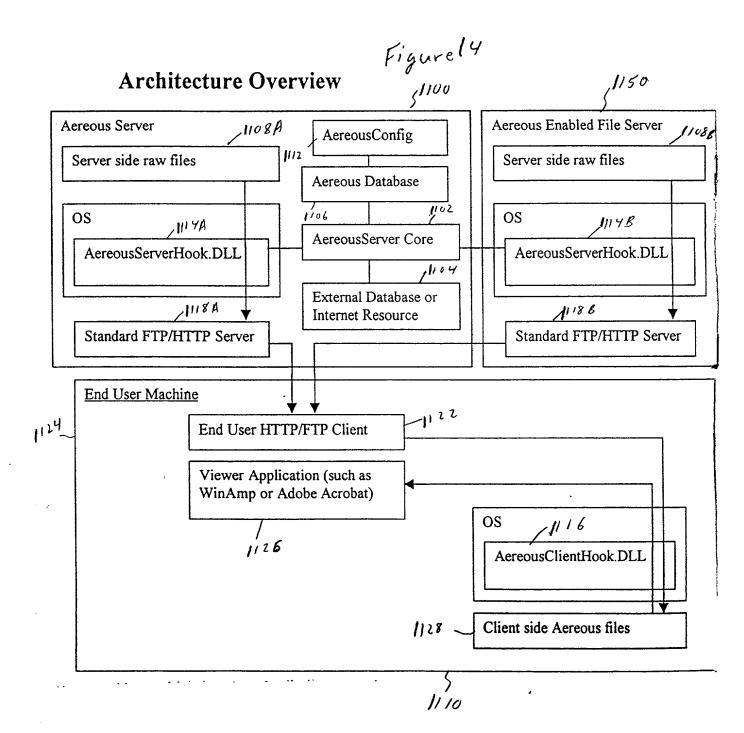


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Figure 13

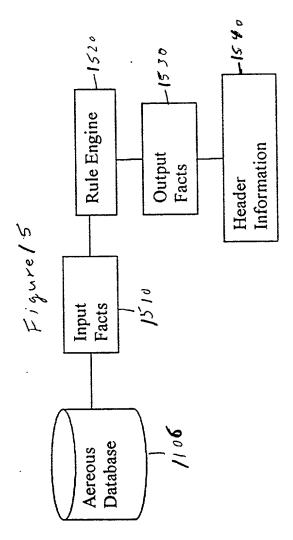


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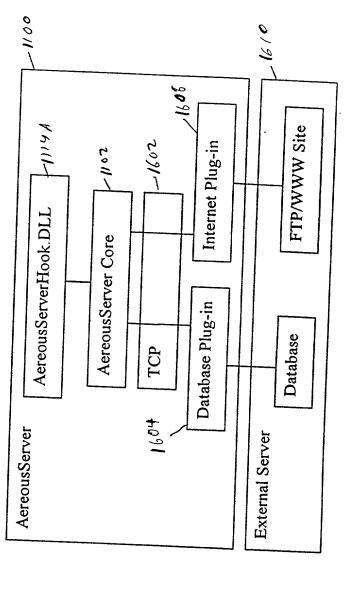
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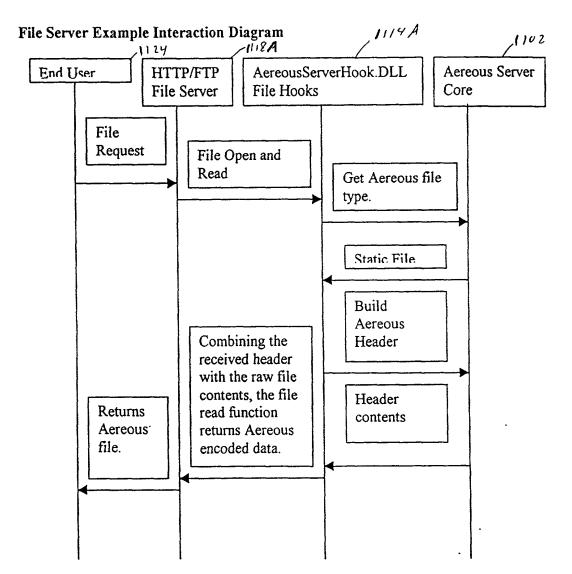


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Figure 17



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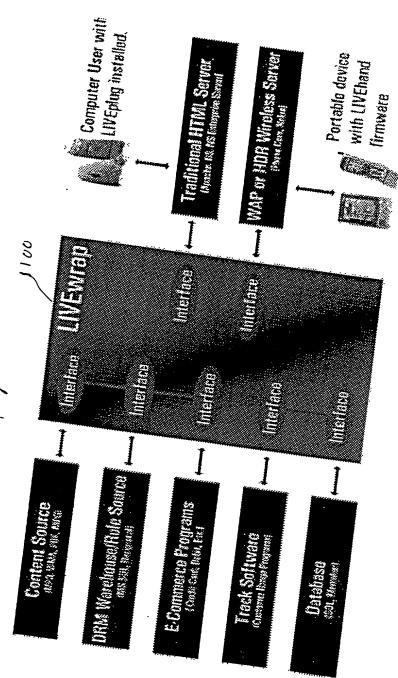
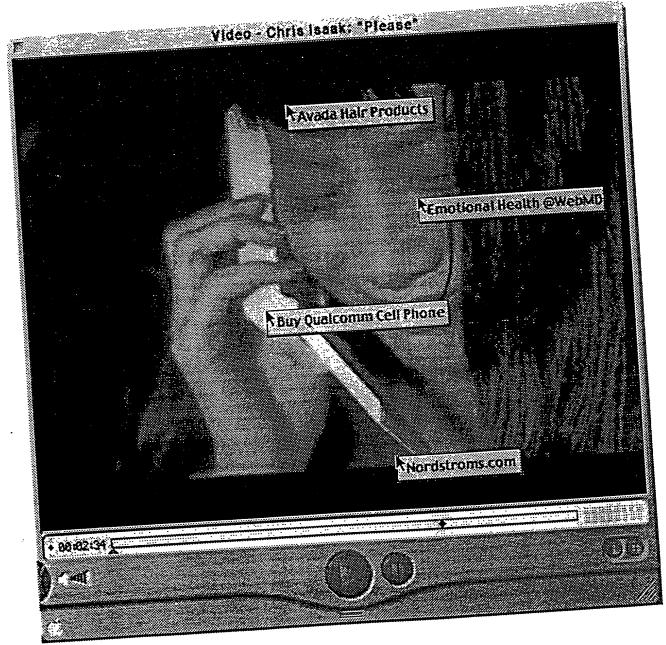


Figure 18

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Figure 19



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11:49:07 PM	
7/30/00 7/30/00 7/30/00	
Every 500 mSecs Avg Max 176 176 155 176	
Every Avg 176 155	
176 134	94/155/17 PM •
Com LENGTH 40 40	Packets out/in/bad/xloss = 2/2/5/4 155/176 Bound Trip Time (ms) min/avg/max = 134/155/176 Bound Trip Time (ms) min/avg/max = 134/155/176 Bound Trip Time (ms) min/avg/max = 194/155/176 Bound Trip Time (ms) min/avg/max = 1034/155/176 Bound Trip Time (ms) min/avg/max = 1034/156 Bound Trip Time (ms)
11:49:07 3.215.100 1ME(ms) 176 134	2/30/88 = 4 2/30/89
Start: 7/30/00 11:49:07 PM PING from: 24.160.215.100 PKT* RESULT TIME(ms) 1 syccess 134 2 success	Trip Time
start: PING fr PKT#	Packet Round

Figure 11

Description	Size (bytes)	Contents
Aereous Signature	11	'AEREOUS' + 0x01301976
Aereous File Version	1	Currently 0x1
File ID	8	File's Aereous ID.
Usage Count	2	Number of usages remaining. Set to
		OxFFFF for infinite usages.
Expiration Date	4	A GMT ANSI RTL style time date stamp
		that indicates when this file expires.
Usage Denied Content	Varying	Once a read attempt fails due to a Quagge
		count, this content is displayed to the user.
		The format is described below under
		"Content Format"
Number Of Push	2	Number of items that are pushed to the user
Content Items		when the file is opened.
Push Content Items	Varying	Anay of push content items. The format is
		described below as "Push Content Item
		Format".
Header CRC	4	A CRC value for the preceding header
		bytes.
Content Size	8	The size of the unencrypted data
Encryption Type	1	0 = Une ncrypted
		1 = 2Fish
		2-255 = undefined
Encrypted Data Offset	3	A file offset to the beginning of the
		encrypted data. The encrypted data uses the
		format described in "Encrypted Data
1		Block".

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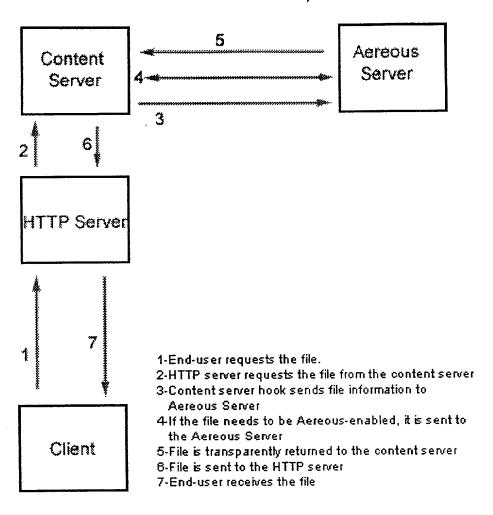


Figure 22

VirtualFile

The <u>YintualFile</u> table lists all files in the system. Each file is associated with a Plug-In and a bundle of facts that are understandable by that Plug-In.

Column	Type	Description	Sample
*VirtualFileID			314
Name	Text	Name of the virtual file. This is the	SalesReport.do
Netter	IVAL	base name, with no parent directory	c
		names and no directory separator	•
		characters. The name is not case	
		sensitive in the server core, but is	
		allowed to be in the database engine.	
In Default	Bool	Flag indicating whether Name is	False
IsDefault	0 8884	actually a wildcard pattern match.	
		Use of this flag allows directories to	
		be setup and facts associated with	
		them without having to database	
		each of the files that could reside	ĺ
		within that virtual directory.	
Mintus Miner towell	Int	ID of the YirtualDirectory that the	4242
VirtualDirectoryID (optional)	Int	file resides within. Use NULL for	
(nhuntur)		files that reside at the root level.	
PhysInName	Text	Identifies which plug-in will	FTP
ETHER STATE	1023	generate the actual file contents.	
InStatio	Bool	Flag indicating whether the file is an	True
IsStatic	AXXXX.	actual static file on the server disk or	
		a true virtual file.	
FactBundleID	Int	Facts for this file. These facts are	4243
(optional)	1000	considered to be "bwned" by this	
(obanima)		file and will be deleted if this file	
		entry is deleted.	-
SharedFactBundleID	Int	Facts for this file. These facts are	12000
(optional)	ecc.	not "owned" by this file, instead	
(nhanna)		existing as shared facts to assist with	
	ļ	centralized administration.	
ShouldLogUsageEyents	Int	Flag indicating whether any access	1
\$\tag{\tag{\tag{\tag{\tag{\tag{\tag{	200	to this file should result in an access	
		log this file.	
		l indicates there should be a log	
		generate d	•
		O means no log should be	
		generated	
	l	• NULL or -1 means that the	
		value of this setting should be	
	<u> </u>	inherited from the parent	
		directory or the	
		DefaultShouldLogUsageEvents	
	1	configurable parameter	

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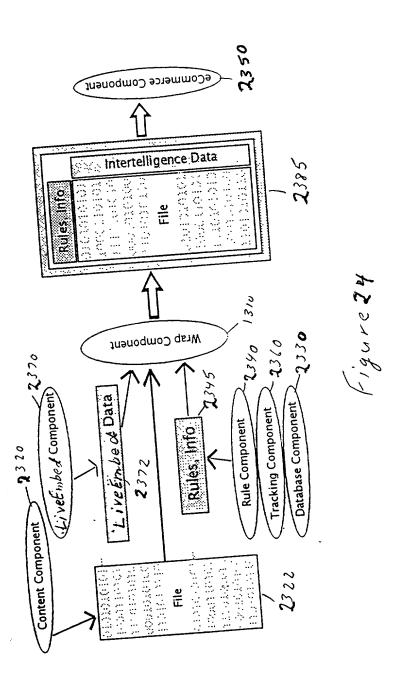
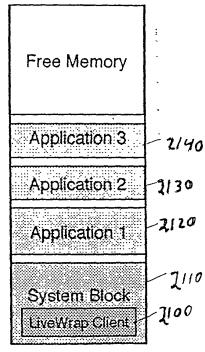


Figure 25



Client Memory Space